SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier UNITED COATINGS ELASTUFF 101 BASE ROOF COATING

Other means of identification

Recommended use Polyurethane coating system.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name GAF

1 Campus Drive

Parsippany, NJ 07054 USA

Telephone 1-800-766-3411

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC [DAY OR NIGHT] 1-800-424-9300

Within USA and CANADA 1-800-424-9300
Outside USA and Canada: 1703-741-5970

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated	Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if

inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

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If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

> If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Storage

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Aluminum trihydrate		21645-51-2	20 to <30
Chlorinated paraffin waxes		63449-39-8	10 to <20
Xylene		1330-20-7	10 to <20
Tris(1-chloro-2-phospate)		13674-84-5	1 to <5
Decabromodiphenylethane		84852-53-9	1 to <5
Antimony oxide		1309-64-4	1 to <5
Silica, amorphous, fumed		112945-52-5	1 to <5
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	1 to <5
Non-Hazardous Ingredients			20 to <30

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

> artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER

or doctor/physician.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation Skin contact

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred Most important

vision. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may symptoms/effects, acute and cause chronic effects. delayed

Indication of immediate Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water medical attention and special immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under treatment needed

observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical General information advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure

that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread thefire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	(29 CFR 1910.1000)
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Components	Туре	Value	Form
Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)	PEL	0.5 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)	_		
Components	Туре	Value	
TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
102002) (0/10/100/00/0)	TWA	200 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Components	Туре	Value	
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
		20 mppcf	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
ALUMINUM HYROXIDE (CAS 21645-51-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	

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US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form	
-				
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3		
TOLUENE	TWA	20 ppm		
(METHYLBENZENE,				
TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)	OTE	450		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm		
	TWA	100 ppm		
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical				
Components	Туре	Value		
Antimony Oxide (CAS	TWA	0.5 mg/m3		
1309-64-4) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	STEL	545 mg/m3		
100-41-4)	SIEL	545 mg/ms		
,		125 ppm		
	TWA	435 mg/m3		
		100 ppm		
Silica, amorphous, fumed	TWA	6 mg/m3		
(CAS 112945-52-5)				
TOLUENE	STEL	560 mg/m3		
(METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)				
102002) (0/10/100-00-0)		150 ppm		
	TWA	375 mg/m3		
		100 ppm		
US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides				
Components	Type	Value	Form	
	- 215-2			
Dalvath an dial (OAO	TIMA	40	A I	
Polyether diol (CAS 25322-69-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Aerosol.	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to

maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

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Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations belowrecommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing considerations after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Color Not available. Odor Not available. Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

80.1 °F (26.7 °C) estimated Flash point

Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Vapor pressure 7.04 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Not available. **Partition coefficient**

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

Density 7.25 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IC estimated

100 % Percent volatile Specific gravity 0.87

<250 g/l VOC

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normaluse.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

Components	Species	Test Results
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ALUMINUM HYROXIDE (CAS 21645-51-2)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat > 20 g/kg

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Mouse > 15000 mg/kg

Rat > 22500 mg/kg

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12124 mg/kg

14.1 ml/kg

Inhalation

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Rat

5320 ppm, 8 Hours

400 ppm, 24 Hours

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Test Results Components **Species** 12200 ppm, 2 Hours 8000 ppm, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 2.6 g/kg Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg Inhalation LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation Ca

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicityComponents in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components Species Test Results

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 361.5 - 496 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 80 mg/l, 96 hours

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 0.1 mg/l, 96 hours

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours

Polyether diol (CAS 25322-69-4)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 650 mg/l, 96 hours

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus) > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Coho salmon, silver salmon 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus kisutch)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

ETHYLBENZENE 3.15
TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) 2.73
Xylene 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

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14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (ETHYLBENZENE RQ = 22124 LBS, Xylene RQ = 746LBS)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (ETHYLBENZENE, Xylene)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ETHYLBENZENE, Xylene)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Not established.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8) Short-Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs) and Other Chlorinated

Paraffins Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4) Listed. ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS Listed.

108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes **Hazard categories**

> Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Chlorinated paraffin waxes	63449-39-8	10 to <20
Xylene	1330-20-7	10 to <20
Antimony Oxide	1309-64-4	1 to <5
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1 to <5
TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL)	108-88-3	0.1 to <1

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Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 6594 108-88-3)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 35 %WV 108-88-3)

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 594 108-88-3)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate (PTSI) (CAS 4083-64-1)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4)

Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Material name: UNITED COATINGS ELASTUFF 101 BASE ROOF COATING Version #: 03 Revision date: 4/1/2019 SDS 3050

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Antimony Oxide (CAS 1309-64-4) Listed: October 1, 1990 Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Listed: February 21, 2003 Chlorinated paraffin waxes (CAS 63449-39-8) Listed: July 1, 1989 ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Inventory name

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS Listed: January 1, 1991

108-88-3)

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

TOLUENE (METHYLBENZENE, TOLUOL) (CAS Listed: August 7, 2009

108-88-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

02-19-2015 Issue date **Revision date** 04-01-2019

Version # 03

SDS 3050

United States & Puerto Rico

HMIS® ratings Health: 2* Flammability: 3

Physical hazard: 0

Health: 2 NFPA ratings

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

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our knowledge and belief accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no

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Revision Information Product and Company Identification: Ingredient list update.

Version #: 03 Revision date: 4/1/2019

Material name: UNITED COATINGS ELASTUFF 101 BASE ROOF COATING SDS US

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Nο

On inventory (yes/no)*